Lung Cancer: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) Pathways

Patient Name:	Date of Birth:
Member Number:	Treatment Start Date:
Pathology:	Stage:
	ICD-10 Code:
Biomarkers/Characteristics: (Select all that apply) Actionable Oncogenic Targets*:YesNo	PD-L1 expression: Less than 50%Equal to or greater than 50%
Chemoradiation for Localized Disease – Stages IA-IIIC	
 Definitive Concurrent Chemoradiation 	
☐ Cisplatin and etoposide	
☐ Paclitaxel and carboplatin	
Neoadjuvant Therapy – Stages IB-IIIA	
◆ Squamous and Non-Squamous Cell Carcinoma ☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin, paclitaxel and relationshipsed to the company of the company	nivolumab (Opdivo)
Squamous Cell Carcinoma Only	
☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin, gemcitabine an	d nivolumab (Opdivo)
Non-Squamous Cell Carcinoma Only	
☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin, pemetrexed (Al	imta) and nivolumab (Opdivo)
Adjuvant Therapy – Stages IB-IIIB	
☐ Carboplatin and paclitaxel	
☐ Cisplatin and gemcitabine (Gemzar)	
☐ Cisplatin and pemetrexed (Alimta)	
☐ Cisplatin and vinorelbine (Navelbine)	
First Line of Therapy (1st Line) – Stages IIIB-IV, a	and Recurrent
 Squamous and Non-Squamous Cell Carcinoma 	
 PD-L1 Expression (TPS) greater or equal to 50 	%, without known actionable oncogenic targets*
☐ Cemiplimab-rwlc (Libtayo)	
☐ Pembrolizumab (Keytruda)†	
 Ineligible for Immunotherapy 	
☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin and paclitaxel	
☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin and gemcitabine (Gemzar)
 ALK Rearrangement Positive 	
☐ Alectinib (Alecensa)	
☐ Lorlatinib (Lobrena)	
 EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R mut 	ation positive
☐ Osimertinib (Tagrisso)	

Note: Pathways are independent of specific health plan medical policy coverage criteria. Health plan medical policy/clinical guidelines should be consulted to determine whether proposed services will be covered. Biosimilars of reference products listed are considered "on pathway." However, reimbursement for biosimilar products may be impacted by health plan specific formularies, medical policy and preferred product rules.



	☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin, pemetrexed, and osimertinib (Tagrisso) (Non-Squamous Only)
	☐ Amivantamab (Rybrevant) and lazertinib
• Nor	n-Squamous Cell Carcinoma Only
0	PD-L1 Expression (TPS) less than 50%, without known actionable oncogenic targets*
	☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin, pemetrexed (Alimta), and pembrolizumab (Keytruda) ↑
	☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin, pemetrexed (Alimta), and cemiplimab-rwlc (Libtayo)
0	PD-L1 Expression (TPS) greater or equal to 50%, without known actionable oncogenic targets*
	☐ Atezolizumab (Tecentriq)
0	Ineligible for Immunotherapy
	☐ Carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab
	☐ Carboplatin or cisplatin and pemetrexed (Alimta)
• Squ	uamous Cell Carcinoma Only
0	PD-L1 Expression (TPS) less than 50% without known actionable oncogenic targets*
	☐ Pembrolizumab (Keytruda)†, carboplatin, and paclitaxel
	☐ Carboplatin, paclitaxel, and cemiplimab-rwlc (Libtayo)
	☐ Cisplatin, paclitaxel, and cemiplimab-rwlc (Libtayo)

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Actionable oncogenic targets refer to the driver aberrations in EGFR, ALK, and ROS1

[†] Administered at a dose of 200 mg every 3 weeks OR 400 mg every 6 weeks per the FDA label OR 2 mg/kg (up to a maximum of 200 mg) every 3 weeks, as clinically appropriate